	TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY  EXAMINATION FOR SENIORS STUDENTS OF GEOLOGY				
2464	COURSE TITLE:		COURSE CODE: GP4101		
ATE:	JANUARY, 2016	SEMESTER: FIRST	TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 150	TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS	

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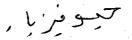
1) Compare between the followings:  a- The designs of Laterolog-7 and Laterolog-8 devices.  b- Normal and Lateral types of conventional electric tool.  c- Electrode arrangements of Microlaterog and Proximity log measurements.  2) Give reasons on the followings:  a- Fishing is important in petroleum production.  B- Trubo technique is better drilling operation than rotary one.  4) Write short notes on:  a- Presentation of SP on the log.  b- Mono-porosity crossplots.  c- Determination of shale volume Vsh% using graphical method.  3) Complete the followings:  a- Laminar shale	possible):	
b- Normal and Lateral types of conventional electric tool. c- Electrode arrangements of Microlaterog and Proximity log measurements.  2) Give reasons on the followings: (30Marks) a- Fishing is important in petroleum production. B- Trubo technique is better drilling operation than rotary one.  4) Write short notes on: (45 Marks) a- Presentation of SP on the log. b- Mono-porosity crossplots c- Determination of shale volume Vsh% using graphical method.  3) Complete the followings: (15 Marks) a- Laminar shale	1) Compare between the followings:	(30 Marks)
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b- The porosity can be determined from the resistivity logs using the following equation c- Applications of caliper log are	3) Complete the followings:	(15 Marks)
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c- Applications of caliper log are	in pores markedly of the formation.	
4) Explain the principles of measurements, uses and limitations of Neutron, Density and	b- The porosity can be determined from the resistivity logs using the following equ	uation
	c- Applications of caliper log are,	
		sity and (30 Marks)

EXAMINERS

PROF. DR. NADER EL GENDE SHADIA ABD EL REHIM M. SAAD

QUALITY ASSURAN

FACULTY OF SCIEN





#### TANTA UNIVERSITY **FACULTY OF SCIENCE** DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY

EXAMINATION FOR 4TH LEVEL STUDENTS - GEOPHYSICS

COURSE TITLE:

RESERVOIR CORRELATION & PRODUCTION

**CODE NO. 4107** 

DATE: |JANUARY, 2017

TERM: FIRST | TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 100

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

# Answer the following questions:

1- Discuss the following subjects:

(20 marks)

- a) Importance of casing in petroleum production.
- b) Dissolved gas derive mechanism.
- 2- Write on the following items:

(40 marks)

- c) Effect of hydrocarbons on the resistivity log responses.
- d) Extract primary structures from logs.
- e) Identification of the reservoir rocks.
- f) Arrow plot pattern.
- 3- Write short notes on the meaning of: facies types, facies models (10 marks) and facies migration.
- 4- Explain how to perform a Facies analysis.

(10 marks)

5- What are the basis of correlation and what types of data are used (10 marks) for correlation?

6- Discuss briefly the delta depositional systems?

(10 marks)





	TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY				
	SEISMIC STRATIGRAPHY				
1969	COURSE TITLE:	OURSE TITLE: SEISMIC STRATIGRAPHY		COURSE CODE: GP4105	
DATE:	10 JANUARY, 2017	TERM: FIRST	TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 150	TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS	

	1969	COURSE TITLE:	SEIS	MIC STRATIGRAP	HY	<b>COURSE CODE: GP4105</b>
C	ATE:	10 JANUARY, 2017	TERM: FIRST	TOTAL ASSESSMEN	NT MARKS: 150	TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOUR
تاكد ان الأسئلة في ورقتين I- Complete the following sentences. (15 marks)						
_	_	-	_	natic raflections	which disting	uished on seismic
		sections are	******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	- The four features that help to describe the reflection character of a seismic loop					
		are				
	-	Depositional sequ	ence is		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
		•				
ľ	I-Dis	cuss in details with	n drawing the in	ternal reflection	configurations	s. (20 marks)
ľ	II- Co	ompare between th	e different types	s of systems trac	ets in seismic lo	oop. (20 marks)
I	a- b-	rite short notes about The unconformitied. The external geometric The role of seisming the ro	es surfaces displantery of seismic	layed by seismic facies units.	reflections.	(45 marks)
	1- W a b f	requency data.	ffects of frequer aphic relationshing graphic relation	ips wouldn't be nships would b	affect with frec be imaged wit	
	<b>7</b> E	or a reflection so	iomio ourrer	ryhana tha airle	wwfood bod	

- 2- For a reflection seismic survey, where the subsurface has an average P-wave velocity of 1000 m/s and we use a 10 ms seismic wavelet, the best resolution we could obtain is?
  - a) 1 m
- **b)** 2.5 m
- **c)** 5m
- **d)** 10 m
- 3- The ability to see stratigraphic changes on seismic profiles depends on:
  - a) High signal-to-noise ratio.
  - b) Seismic pulse with a broad bandwidth encompassing both low and high frequencies.
  - c) The all (a & b).

### TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY

EXAMINATION FOR SENIOR (LEVEL FOUR) STUDENTS OF GEOPHYSICS

HYDROGEOLOGY

COURSE TITLE: TERM: FIRST

TIME ALLOWED: 2HOURS

DATE: JAN, 2017 Answer the following questions (Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever possible).

## Part I: Answer the followings:

a- Enumerate and describe the following:

(15 Marks)

- i) Types of drainage systems.
- ii) Types of electrode arrangement of resistivity logging.
- b- Illustrate water well design and construction.

(10 Marks)

c-Discuss the ordering schemes of drainage basin

(10 Marks)

### Part II: Answer the followings:

1- What iswell efficiency and how it could be determined using two different (30 Marks) pumping test methods.

2- Discuss the following in details:

(30 Marks)

- a-Aquifer, confined and unconfined aquifer, isotropic and anisotropic aquifer, and homogeneous and heterogeneous aquifers
- b-Depression cone
- c-Elevation head, pressure head, hydraulic head and depth to water.
- 3-Discuss the followings:

(25 Marks)

- a-Steady and unsteady pumping test conditions.
- b-Groundwater flow net.
- 5-Write on the followings:

(30 Marks)

- a- One main aquifer in Sinai
- b- Nile Delta Aquifer.

PROF. DR. ZENHOM SALEM EXAMINERS PROF. DR. SHADIA T. ELKHODARY